UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 1934	OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT	OF
	For the quarterly period end	ed December 31, 2015	
	OR		
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 1934	OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT	OF
	For the transition period from	to	
	Commission file nu	nber 1-13692	
	AMERIGAS PA (Exact name of registrant as s	•	
	Delaware	23-2787918	
	(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)	
	460 North Gulph Road, King (Address of Principal Executi		
	(610) 337- (Registrant's Telephone Numbe		
during the	y check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required a preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square		
be submit	y check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T ($\S 232.405$ of this was required to submit and post such files). Yes \boxtimes No \square		
	y check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an acc s of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting co		y. Se
Large acc	elerated filer 🛛	Accelerated filer	
Non-acce	lerated filer	Smaller reporting company	
Indicate b	y check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Ru	le 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes □ No ⊠	
At January	y 31, 2016, there were 92,916,740 Common Units of AmeriGas Partners	L.P. outstanding.	

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(unaudited) (Thousands of dollars)

(Thousands of donats)						
	Γ	December 31, 2015	1, September 30, 2015		Б	ecember 31, 2014
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,251	\$	14,757	\$	18,507
Accounts receivable (less allowances for doubtful accounts of \$12,712, \$12,257 and \$17,867, respectively)		268,250		199,067		375,959
Accounts receivable - related parties		3,291		2,360		4,963
Inventories		99,006		93,934		177,409
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		60,110		56,243		52,450
Total current assets		447,908		366,361		629,288
Property, plant and equipment (less accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$1,404,118, \$1,369,733 and \$1,268,892, respectively)		1,315,500		1,324,327		1,373,626
Goodwill		1,971,999		1,956,688		1,950,268
Intangible assets, net		433,755		433,713		458,094
Other assets		57,818		60,623		67,841
Total assets	\$	4,226,980	\$	4,141,712	\$	4,479,117
LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS' CAPITAL						
Current liabilities:						
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$	10,901	\$	9,679	\$	11,544
Short-term borrowings		182,000		68,100		253,000
Accounts payable - trade		128,443		101,588		212,910
Accounts payable - related parties		440		445		1,522
Customer deposits and advances		114,999		117,087		112,288
Derivative instruments		45,391		47,507		59,801
Other current liabilities		157,348		201,888		183,794
Total current liabilities		639,522		546,294		834,859
Long-term debt		2,275,035		2,273,817		2,280,208
Derivative instruments		13,099		7,670		16,290
Other noncurrent liabilities		113,153		113,558		118,527
Total liabilities		3,040,809		2,941,339		3,249,884
Commitments and contingencies (Note 5)						
Partners' capital:						
AmeriGas Partners, L.P. partners' capital:						
Common unitholders (units issued - 92,893,723, 92,889,980 and 92,874,438, respectively)		1,131,597		1,145,291		1,172,636
General partner		18,803		18,925		19,197
Accumulated other comprehensive income		_		_		1,216
Total AmeriGas Partners, L.P. partners' capital		1,150,400		1,164,216		1,193,049
Noncontrolling interest		35,771		36,157		36,184
Total partners' capital		1,186,171		1,200,373		1,229,233
Total liabilities and partners' capital	\$	4,226,980	\$	4,141,712	\$	4,479,117

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(unaudited)

(Thousands of dollars, except per unit amounts)

		Three Mo Decen		
		2015		2014
Revenues:				
Propane	\$	573,904	\$	812,735
Other		70,194		76,057
		644,098		888,792
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of sales - propane (excluding depreciation shown below)		227,922		578,541
Cost of sales - other (excluding depreciation shown below)		20,867		22,040
Operating and administrative expenses		230,889		246,651
Depreciation		38,606		38,682
Amortization		10,600		10,686
Other operating income, net		(8,907)		(10,148)
		519,977		886,452
Operating income		124,121		2,340
Interest expense		(41,025)		(41,034)
Income (loss) before income taxes		83,096		(38,694)
Income tax expense		(910)		(870)
Net income (loss) including noncontrolling interest		82,186		(39,564)
Deduct net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		(1,213)		(7)
Net income (loss) attributable to AmeriGas Partners, L.P.	\$	80,973	\$	(39,571)
General partner's interest in net income (loss) attributable to AmeriGas Partners, L.P.	\$	9,455	\$	6,137
•	\$	71,518	_	
Limited partners' interest in net income (loss) attributable to AmeriGas Partners, L.P.	<u> </u>	/1,510	\$	(45,708)
Income (loss) per limited partner unit - basic and diluted:			4	(0.40)
Basic	\$	0.77	\$	(0.49)
Diluted	\$	0.77	\$	(0.49)
Weighted average limited partner units outstanding (thousands):				
Basic		92,922		92,893
Diluted	_	93,004		92,893

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(unaudited) (Thousands of dollars)

		Ended 1,			
		2015	2014		
Net income (loss) including noncontrolling interest	\$	82,186	\$	(39,564)	
Other comprehensive loss:					
Reclassifications of net gains on derivative instruments		_		(1,594)	
Other comprehensive loss				(1,594)	
Total comprehensive income (loss) including noncontrolling interest		82,186		(41,158)	
(Deduct comprehensive income) add comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		(1,213)		9	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to AmeriGas Partners, L.P.	\$	80,973	\$	(41,149)	

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements. \\

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited) (Thousands of dollars)

Three Months Ended

	December 31,					
	 2015		2014			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Net income (loss) including noncontrolling interest	\$ 82,186	\$	(39,564)			
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization	49,206		49,368			
Provision for uncollectible accounts	3,155		4,757			
Unrealized losses on derivative instruments	5,633		138,230			
Other, net	(627)		43			
Net change in:						
Accounts receivable	(72,661)		(115,677)			
Inventories	(4,908)		5,072			
Accounts payable	26,850		61,627			
Collateral deposits	(2,320)		(73,670)			
Other current assets	(3,867)		(7,970)			
Other current liabilities	(46,666)		(36,638)			
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	35,981		(14,422)			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Expenditures for property, plant and equipment	(27,974)		(30,430)			
Proceeds from disposals of assets	5,179		7,899			
Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired	(25,761)		(8,903)			
Net cash used by investing activities	(48,556)		(31,434)			
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	 					
Distributions	(95,038)		(89,150)			
Noncontrolling interest activity	(1,599)		(2,183)			
Increase in short-term borrowings	113,900		144,000			
Repayments of long-term debt	(2,194)		(1,808)			
Capital contributions from General Partner	_		24			
Net cash provided by financing activities	 15,069		50,883			
Cash and cash equivalents increase	\$ 2,494	\$	5,027			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:						
End of period	\$ 17,251	\$	18,507			
Beginning of period	14,757		13,480			
Increase	\$ 2,494	\$	5,027			

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements. \\

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PARTNERS' CAPITAL

(unaudited)

(Thousands of dollars, except unit data)

Net income 71,518 9,455 80,973 1,213 82,14 Distributions (85,461) (9,577) (95,038) (1,599) (96,60 Unit-based compensation expense 307 307 307 307 307 307 307 307 307 307		Number of Common Units	Common unitholders	General partner			Accumulated other comprehensive income		Total AmeriGas Partners, L.P. rtners' capital	Noncontrolling interest		Total partners' capital
Net income 71,518 9,455 80,973 1,213 82,14 Distributions (85,461) (9,577) (95,038) (1,599) (96,60 Unit-based compensation expense 307 307 307 307 307 307 307 307 307 307												
Distributions (85,461) (9,577) (95,038) (1,599) (96,60) Unit-based compensation expense 307 307 307 Common Units issued in connection with employee and director plans, net of tax withheld 3,743 (58) (58) (58) Balance December 31, 2015 92,893,723 \$ 1,131,597 \$ 18,803 \$ — \$ 1,150,400 \$ 35,771 \$ 1,186,17 Number of Common Units Served to the Common Units Served Unitholders Uni	Balance September 30, 2015	92,889,980	\$ 1,145,291	\$	18,925	\$	_	\$	1,164,216	\$	36,157	\$ 1,200,373
Unit-based compensation expense 307 Common Units issued in connection with employee and director plans, net of tax withheld 3,743 (58) Sommon Units issued in connection with employee and director plans, net of tax withheld 3,743 (58) Sommon Units issued in connection with employee and director plans, net of tax withheld 3,743 (58) Sommon Units Sommon U	Net income		71,518		9,455				80,973		1,213	82,186
Common Units issued in connection with employee and director plans, net of tax withheld 3,743 (58) (58) (58) Balance December 31, 2015 92,893,723 \$ 1,131,597 \$ 18,803 \$ — \$ 1,150,400 \$ 35,771 \$ 1,186,12 \$ 1,1	Distributions		(85,461)		(9,577)				(95,038)		(1,599)	(96,637)
with employee and director plans, net of tax withheld 3,743 (58) (58) Balance December 31, 2015 92,893,723 \$ 1,131,597 \$ 18,803 \$ - \$ 1,150,400 \$ 35,771 \$ 1,186,12	Unit-based compensation expense		307						307			307
Balance December 31, 2015 92,893,723 \$1,131,597 18,803 Accumulated other comprehensive income Number of Common Units Number of Common Units Partners, L.P. partners' capital For the three months ended December	with employee and director plans,	3,743	(58)						(58)			(58)
Number of Common Units Common unitholders Partners comprehensive income Partners' capital Partners' capital For the three months ended December Other comprehensive income Partners, L.P. Noncontrolling partners' capital Total Partners, L.P. Noncontrolling partners' capital	Balance December 31, 2015	92,893,723	\$	\$	18,803	\$	_	\$		\$	35,771	\$ 1,186,171
	For the three months ended December 31, 2014:					_	other comprehensive		AmeriGas Partners, L.P.	N		partners'

	Number of Common Units	Common unitholders	General partner	other comprehensive income		AmeriGas Partners, L.P. partners' capital		Partners, L.P.		Noncontrolling interest	Total partners' capital
For the three months ended December 31, 2014:											
Balance September 30, 2014	92,867,204	\$ 1,299,260	\$ 20,460	\$ 2,794	\$	1,322,514	\$	38,376	\$ 1,360,890		
Net income		(45,708)	6,137			(39,571)		7	(39,564)		
Reclassification of net gains on derivative instruments				(1,578)		(1,578)		(16)	(1,594)		
Distributions		(81,726)	(7,424)			(89,150)		(1,539)	(90,689)		
Unit-based compensation expense		954				954			954		
Common Units issued in connection with employee and director plans, net of tax withheld	7,234	(144)	24			(120)			(120)		
Distribution related to common control transaction (Note 8)						_		(644)	(644)		
Balance December 31, 2014	92,874,438	\$ 1,172,636	\$ 19,197	\$ 1,216	\$	1,193,049	\$	36,184	\$ 1,229,233		

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(unaudited)
(Thousands of dollars, except per unit)

Note 1 — Nature of Operations

AmeriGas Partners, L.P. ("AmeriGas Partners") is a publicly traded limited partnership that conducts a national propane distribution business through its principal operating subsidiary AmeriGas Propane, L.P. ("AmeriGas OLP"), which is referred to herein as the "Operating Partnership." AmeriGas Partners and AmeriGas OLP are Delaware limited partnerships. AmeriGas Partners, the Operating Partnership and all of their subsidiaries are collectively referred to herein as "the Partnership" or "we."

The Operating Partnership is engaged in the distribution of propane and related equipment and supplies. The Operating Partnership comprises the largest retail propane distribution business in the United States serving residential, commercial, industrial, motor fuel and agricultural customers in all 50 states.

At December 31, 2015, AmeriGas Propane, Inc. (the "General Partner"), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of UGI Corporation ("UGI"), held a 1% general partner interest in AmeriGas Partners and a 1.01% general partner interest in AmeriGas OLP. The General Partner and its wholly owned subsidiary, Petrolane Incorporated ("Petrolane," a predecessor company of the Partnership), also owns AmeriGas Partners Common Units ("Common Units"). The remaining Common Units outstanding represents publicly held Common Units. Common Units represent limited partner interests in AmeriGas Partners. AmeriGas Partners holds a 98.99% limited partner interest in AmeriGas OLP.

AmeriGas Partners and the Operating Partnership have no employees. Employees of the General Partner conduct, direct and manage our operations. The General Partner is reimbursed monthly for all direct and indirect expenses it incurs on our behalf (see Note 8).

Note 2 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited and have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). They include all adjustments which we consider necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods presented. Such adjustments consist only of normal recurring items unless otherwise disclosed. The September 30, 2015, condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 ("the Partnership's 2015 Annual Report"). Weather significantly impacts demand for propane and profitability because many customers use propane for heating purposes. Due to the seasonal nature of the Partnership's propane business, the results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for a full year.

Allocation of Net Income. Net income attributable to AmeriGas Partners, L.P. for partners' capital and statement of operations presentation purposes is allocated to the General Partner and the limited partners in accordance with their respective ownership percentages after giving effect to amounts distributed to the General Partner in excess of its 1% general partner interest in AmeriGas Partners based on its incentive distribution rights ("IDRs") under the Fourth Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of AmeriGas Partners, L.P., as amended ("Partnership Agreement").

Net Income (Loss) Per Unit. Income (loss) per limited partner unit is computed in accordance with GAAP regarding the application of the two-class method for determining income (loss) per unit for master limited partnerships ("MLPs") when IDRs are present. The two-class method requires that income per limited partner unit be calculated as if all earnings for the period were distributed and requires a separate calculation for each quarter and year-to-date period. In periods when our net income attributable to AmeriGas Partners exceeds our Available Cash, as defined in the Partnership Agreement, and is above certain levels, the calculation according to the two-class method results in an increased allocation of undistributed earnings to the General Partner. Generally, in periods when our Available Cash in respect of the quarter or year-to-date periods exceeds our net income (loss) attributable to AmeriGas Partners, the calculation according to the two-class method results in an allocation of earnings to the General Partner greater than its relative ownership interest in the Partnership).

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(unaudited)

(Thousands of dollars, except per unit)

The following table sets forth reconciliations of the numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted income per limited partner unit computations:

	 Three Mo Decen	
	2015	2014
Net income (loss) attributable to AmeriGas Partners, L.P.	\$ 80,973	\$ (39,571)
Adjust for general partner share and theoretical distributions of net income (loss) attributable to AmeriGas Partners, L.P. to the general partner in accordance with the two-class method for MLPs	(9,455)	(6,137)
Common Unitholders' interest in net income (loss) attributable to AmeriGas Partners, L.P. under the two-class method for MLPs	\$ 71,518	\$ (45,708)
Weighted average Common Units outstanding—basic (thousands)	92,922	92,893
Potentially dilutive Common Units (thousands)	82	_
Weighted average Common Units outstanding—diluted (thousands)	93,004	92,893

There was no dilutive effect of theoretical distributions of net income attributable to AmeriGas Partners, L.P. in accordance with the two-class method for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014.

For the three months ended December 31, 2015, potentially dilutive Common Units included in the diluted limited partner units outstanding computation reflect the effects of restricted Common Unit awards granted under the General Partner's incentive compensation plans. For the three months ended December 31, 2014, there were 81 potentially dilutive Common Units excluded from the calculation because of the net loss attributable to AmeriGas Partners, L.P. under the two-class method.

Derivative Instruments. Derivative instruments are reported in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at their fair values, unless the derivative instruments qualify for the normal purchase and normal sale ("NPNS") exception under GAAP. The accounting for changes in fair value depends upon the purpose of the derivative instrument and whether it is designated and qualifies for hedge accounting.

Effective April 1, 2014, the Partnership determined that on a prospective basis, it would no longer elect cash flow hedge accounting for its commodity derivative instruments. Effective October 1, 2014, the Partnership de-designated its remaining commodity derivative instruments accounted for as cash flow hedges. Changes in the fair values of these derivative instruments are reflected in cost of sales on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. Cash flows from derivative instruments are included in cash flows from operating activities.

For additional information on the accounting for our derivative instruments, see Note 2, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies," in the Partnership's 2015 Annual Report.

Reclassifications. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to current period presentation.

Use of Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and costs. These estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events, historical experience and various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Accordingly, actual results may be different from these estimates and assumptions.

Note 3 — Accounting Changes

Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

Debt Issuance Costs. In April 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2015-03, "Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs." This ASU amends existing guidance to require the presentation of debt issuance costs in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of the related debt liability instead of a deferred charge. The amendments in this ASU are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015 (Fiscal 2017). Early adoption is permitted. Entities will apply the new guidance retrospectively to all periods presented.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(unaudited)

(Thousands of dollars, except per unit)

The Partnership expects to adopt the new guidance effective September 30, 2016. The adoption of the new guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Partnership's financial statements.

Consolidation. In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-02, "Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis." This ASU provides new guidance regarding whether a reporting entity should consolidate certain types of legal entities. Among other things, the new guidance modifies the evaluation of whether limited partnerships and similar entities are variable interest entities ("VIEs") or voting interest entities, and also eliminates the presumption that a general partner should consolidate a limited partnership. The new guidance also affects the consolidation analysis of reporting entities that are involved with VIEs including those that have fee arrangements and related party relationships. The new guidance is effective for the Partnership beginning in Fiscal 2017. Early adoption is permitted. The Partnership is in the process of assessing the impact on our financial statements, if any, from the adoption of the new guidance.

Revenue Recognition. In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers." This ASU supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 605, "Revenue Recognition," and most industry-specific guidance included in the ASC. The standard requires that an entity recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. This standard is effective for the Partnership for interim and annual periods beginning October 1, 2018 (Fiscal 2019) and allows for either full retrospective adoption or modified retrospective adoption. We have not yet selected a transition method and are currently evaluating the impact of adopting this guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

Note 4 — Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The Partnership's goodwill and intangible assets comprise the following:

	December 31, 2015		September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Goodwill (not subject to amortization)	\$ 1,971,999	\$	1,956,688	\$ 1,950,268
Intangible assets:				
Customer relationships and noncompete agreements	\$ 523,783	\$	514,333	\$ 522,352
Accumulated amortization	(172,972)		(163,564)	(147,202)
Intangible assets, net (definite-lived)	350,811		350,769	375,150
Trademarks and tradenames (indefinite-lived)	82,944		82,944	82,944
Total intangible assets, net	\$ 433,755	\$	433,713	\$ 458,094

Amortization expense of intangible assets was \$9,408 and \$9,493 for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. No amortization expense is included in cost of sales in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. The estimated aggregate amortization expense of intangible assets for the remainder of Fiscal 2016 and the next four fiscal years is as follows: remainder of Fiscal 2016 — \$28,661; Fiscal 2017 — \$36,223; Fiscal 2018 — \$34,863; Fiscal 2019 — \$33,667; Fiscal 2020 — \$32,484.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(unaudited)
(Thousands of dollars, except per unit)

Note 5 — Commitments and Contingencies

Contingencies

Purported Class Action Lawsuits. Between May and October of 2014, more than 35 purported class action lawsuits were filed in multiple jurisdictions against the Partnership/UGI Corporation and a competitor by certain of their direct and indirect customers. The class action lawsuits allege, among other things, that the Partnership and its competitor colluded, beginning in 2008, to reduce the fill level of portable propane cylinders from 17 pounds to 15 pounds and combined to persuade its common customer, Walmart Stores, Inc., to accept that fill reduction, resulting in increased cylinder costs to retailers and enduser customers in violation of federal and certain state antitrust laws. The claims seek treble damages, injunctive relief, attorneys' fees and costs on behalf of the putative classes. On October 16, 2014, the United States Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation transferred all of these purported class action cases to the Western Division of the United States District Court for the Western District of Missouri. In July 2015, the Court dismissed all claims brought by direct customers and all claims other than those for injunctive relief brought by indirect customers. The direct customers filed an appeal with the United States Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit, which is still pending. The indirect customers filed an amended complaint claiming injunctive relief and state law claims under Wisconsin, Maine and Vermont law. In January 2016, the District Court dismissed the remaining injunctive relief claims for the indirect purchasers. As a result, the only claims remaining with respect to indirect purchasers involve alleged violations of Wisconsin, Maine and Vermont state antitrust laws. We are unable to reasonably estimate the impact, if any, arising from such litigation. We believe we have strong defenses to the claims and intend to vigorously defend against them.

In addition to the matters described above, there are other pending claims and legal actions arising in the normal course of our businesses. Although we cannot predict the final results of these pending claims and legal actions, we believe, after consultation with counsel, that the final outcome of these matters will not have a material effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Note 6 — Fair Value Measurements

Derivative Instruments

The following table presents on a gross basis our derivative assets and liabilities including both current and noncurrent portions, that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis within the fair value hierarchy, as of December 31, 2015, September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

	Asset (Liability)								
	 Level 1	Level 2			Level 3		Total		
December 31, 2015:									
Assets:									
Propane contracts	\$ _	\$	476	\$	_	\$	476		
Liabilities:									
Propane contracts	\$ _	\$	(63,446)	\$	_	\$	(63,446)		
September 30, 2015:									
Assets:									
Propane contracts	\$ _	\$	1,242	\$	_	\$	1,242		
Liabilities:									
Propane contracts	\$ _	\$	(58,579)	\$	_	\$	(58,579)		
December 31, 2014:									
Assets:									
Propane contracts	\$ _	\$	13,024	\$	_	\$	13,024		
Liabilities:									
Propane contracts	\$ _	\$	(162,785)	\$	_	\$	(162,785)		

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(unaudited)
(Thousands of dollars, except per unit)

The fair values of our non-exchange traded commodity derivative contracts included in Level 2 are based upon indicative price quotations available through brokers, industry price publications or recent market transactions and related market indicators. For commodity option contracts not traded on an exchange, if any, we use a Black Scholes option pricing model that considers time value and volatility of the underlying commodity.

Other Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of other financial instruments included in current assets and current liabilities (except for current maturities of long-term debt) approximate their fair values because of their short-term nature. At December 31, 2015, the carrying amount and estimated fair value of our long-term debt (including current maturities) were \$2,285,936 and \$2,200,470, respectively. At December 31, 2014, the carrying amount and estimated fair value of our long-term debt (including current maturities) were \$2,291,752 and \$2,342,557, respectively. We estimate the fair value of long-term debt by using current market prices and by discounting future cash flows using rates available for similar type debt (Level 2).

We have other financial instruments such as short-term investments and trade accounts receivable which could expose us to concentrations of credit risk. We limit our credit risk from short-term investments by investing only in investment-grade commercial paper and U.S. Government securities. The credit risk arising from concentrations of trade accounts receivable is limited because we have a large customer base that extends across many different U.S. markets.

Note 7 — Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

The Partnership is exposed to certain market risks related to its ongoing business operations. Management uses derivative financial and commodity instruments, among other things, to manage these risks. The primary risks managed by derivative instruments are commodity price risk and interest rate risk. Although we use derivative financial and commodity instruments to reduce market risk associated with forecasted transactions, we do not use derivative financial and commodity instruments for speculative or trading purposes. The use of derivative instruments is controlled by our risk management and credit policies which govern, among other things, the derivative instruments the Partnership can use, counterparty credit limits and contract authorization limits.

Commodity Price Risk

In order to manage market risk associated with the Partnership's fixed-price programs, the Partnership uses over-the-counter derivative commodity instruments, principally price swap contracts. In addition, the Partnership uses over-the-counter price swap and option contracts to reduce propane price volatility associated with a portion of forecasted propane purchases. In addition, the Partnership from time to time enters into price swap and put option agreements to reduce the effects of short-term commodity price volatility. At December 31, 2015 and 2014, total volumes associated with propane commodity derivatives totaled 357.4 million gallons and 348.3 million gallons, respectively. At December 31, 2015, the maximum period over which we are economically hedging propane market price risk is 45 months.

Derivative Instruments Credit Risk

The Partnership is exposed to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by counterparties to derivative financial and commodity instruments. Our counterparties principally comprise major energy companies and major U.S. financial institutions. We maintain credit policies with regard to our counterparties that we believe reduce overall credit risk. These policies include evaluating and monitoring our counterparties' financial condition, including their credit ratings, and entering into agreements with counterparties that govern credit limits. Certain of these agreements call for the posting of collateral by the counterparty or by the Partnership in the forms of letters of credit, parental guarantees or cash. Although we have concentrations of credit risk associated with derivative instruments held by certain derivative instrument counterparties, the maximum amount of loss due to credit risk that, based upon the gross fair values of the derivative instruments, we would incur if these counterparties that make up the concentration failed to perform according to the terms of their contracts was not material at December 31, 2015. Certain of our derivative contracts have credit-risk-related contingent features that may require the posting of additional collateral in the event of a downgrade in the Partnership's debt rating. At December 31, 2015, if the credit-risk-related contingent features were triggered, the amount of collateral required to be posted would not be material.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(unaudited)
(Thousands of dollars, except per unit)

Offsetting Derivative Assets and Liabilities

Derivative assets and liabilities are presented net by counterparty on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets if the right of offset exists. Our derivative instruments comprise over-the-counter transactions. Over-the-counter contracts are bilateral contracts that are transacted directly with a third party. Certain over-the-counter contracts contain contractual rights of offset through master netting arrangements and contract default provisions. In addition, the contracts are subject to conditional rights of offset through counterparty nonperformance, insolvency or other conditions.

In general, most of our over-the-counter transactions are subject to collateral requirements. Types of collateral generally include cash or letters of credit. Cash collateral paid by us to our over-the-counter derivative counterparties, if any, is reflected in the table below to offset derivative liabilities. Cash collateral received by us from our over-the-counter derivative counterparties, if any, is reflected in the table below to offset derivative assets. Certain other accounts receivable and accounts payable balances recognized on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets with our derivative counterparties are not included in the table below but could reduce our net exposure to such counterparties because such balances are subject to master netting or similar arrangements.

Fair Value of Derivative Instruments

The following table presents our derivative assets and liabilities, as well as the effects of offsetting, as of December 31, 2015 and 2014:

	De	December 31, 2015		December 31, 2014
Derivative assets not designated as hedging instruments:			,	
Propane contracts	\$	476	\$	13,024
Total derivative assets - gross		476		13,024
Gross amounts offset in the balance sheet		(476)		(13,024)
Total derivative assets - net	\$		\$	_
Derivative liabilities not designated as hedging instruments:				
Propane contracts	\$	(63,446)	\$	(162,785)
Total derivative liabilities - gross		(63,446)		(162,785)
Gross amounts offset in the balance sheet		476		13,024
Cash collateral pledged		4,480		73,670
Total derivative liabilities - net	\$	(58,490)	\$	(76,091)

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(unaudited)
(Thousands of dollars, except per unit)

Effect of Derivative Instruments

The following tables provide information on the effects of derivative instruments on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and changes in AOCI and noncontrolling interest for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014:

	Gain Reclassified from AOCI and Noncontrolling Interest into Income		Location of Gain Reclassified from AOCI and Noncontrolling
Three Months Ended December 31,	2015 2014		Interest into Income
Cash Flow Hedges:			
Propane contracts	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,594	Cost of sales - propane
	Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income		Location of Gain (Loss)
Three Months Ended December 31,	2015 2014		Recognized in Income
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments:			
Propane contracts	\$ (27,707)	\$ (176,399)	Cost of sales - propane

We are also a party to a number of contracts that have elements of a derivative instrument. These contracts include, among others, binding purchase orders, contracts that provide for the purchase and delivery of propane and service contracts that require the counterparty to provide commodity storage or transportation service to meet our normal sales commitments. Although many of these contracts have the requisite elements of a derivative instrument, these contracts qualify for normal purchase and normal sales exception accounting under GAAP because they provide for the delivery of products or services in quantities that are expected to be used in the normal course of operating our business and the price in the contract is based on an underlying that is directly associated with the price of the product or service being purchased or sold.

Note 8 — Related Party Transactions

Pursuant to the Partnership Agreement and a management services agreement, the General Partner is entitled to reimbursement for all direct and indirect expenses incurred or payments it makes on behalf of the Partnership. These costs, which totaled \$150,054 and \$149,318 for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, include employee compensation and benefit expenses of employees of the General Partner and general and administrative expenses.

UGI provides certain financial and administrative services to the General Partner. UGI bills the General Partner monthly for all direct and indirect corporate expenses incurred in connection with providing these services and the General Partner is reimbursed by the Partnership for these expenses. The allocation of indirect UGI corporate expenses to the Partnership utilizes a weighted, three-component formula based on the relative percentage of the Partnership's revenues, operating expenses and net assets employed to the total of such items for all UGI operating subsidiaries for which general and administrative services are provided. The General Partner believes that this allocation method is reasonable and equitable to the Partnership. Such corporate expenses totaled \$3,360 and \$5,298 during the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. In addition, UGI and certain of its subsidiaries provide office space, stop loss medical coverage and automobile liability insurance to the Partnership. The costs related to these items totaled \$753 and \$748 for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

From time to time, AmeriGas OLP purchases propane on an as needed basis from UGI Energy Services, LLC ("Energy Services"). The price of the purchases are generally based on market price at the time of purchase. There were no purchases of propane by AmeriGas OLP from Energy Services during the three months ended December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

In addition, the Partnership sells propane to affiliates of UGI. Sales of propane to affiliates of UGI totaled \$64 and \$298 for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Pursuant to an Asset Sale and Purchase Agreement, on October 13, 2014, AmeriGas OLP purchased from UGI HVAC Enterprises, Inc. ("HVAC"), a second-tier, wholly owned subsidiary of UGI, a residential heating, ventilation, air conditioning, plumbing and related services business for \$2,000 cash. Because the transaction was between entities under common control, the purchase price

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(unaudited) (Thousands of dollars, except per unit)

in excess of the carrying value of assets transferred was considered an equity transaction and has been recorded as a distribution in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Partners' Capital. In connection with this transaction, AmeriGas OLP entered into a Shared Service Agreement ("SSA") whereby HVAC provides certain financial and administrative services to the Partnership with respect to the business purchased. Expenses associated with the SSA totaled \$256 and \$222 during the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Forward-Looking Statements

Information contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Such statements use forward-looking words such as "believe," "plan," "anticipate," "continue," "estimate," "expect," "may," or other similar words. These statements discuss plans, strategies, events or developments that we expect or anticipate will or may occur in the future.

A forward-looking statement may include a statement of the assumptions or bases underlying the forward-looking statement. We believe that we have chosen these assumptions or bases in good faith and that they are reasonable. However, we caution you that actual results almost always vary from assumed facts or bases, and the differences between actual results and assumed facts or bases can be material, depending on the circumstances. When considering forwardlooking statements, you should keep in mind the following important factors that could affect our future results and could cause those results to differ materially from those expressed in our forward-looking statements: (1) adverse weather conditions resulting in reduced demand; (2) cost volatility and availability of propane, and the capacity to transport propane to our customers; (3) the availability of, and our ability to consummate, acquisition or combination opportunities; (4) successful integration and future performance of acquired assets or businesses and achievement of anticipated synergies; (5) changes in laws and regulations, including safety, tax, consumer protection and accounting matters; (6) competitive pressures from the same and alternative energy sources; (7) failure to acquire new customers and retain current customers thereby reducing or limiting any increase in revenues; (8) liability for environmental claims; (9) increased customer conservation measures due to high energy prices and improvements in energy efficiency and technology resulting in reduced demand; (10) adverse labor relations; (11) large customer, counterparty or supplier defaults; (12) liability in excess of insurance coverage for personal injury and property damage arising from explosions and other catastrophic events, including acts of terrorism, resulting from operating hazards and risks incidental to transporting, storing and distributing propane, butane and ammonia; (13) political, regulatory and economic conditions in the United States and foreign countries; (14) capital market conditions, including reduced access to capital markets and interest rate fluctuations; (15) changes in commodity market prices resulting in significantly higher cash collateral requirements; (16) the impact of pending and future legal proceedings; and (17) the timing and success of our acquisitions and investments to grow our business.

These factors, and those factors set forth in Item 1A. Risk Factors in the Partnership's 2015 Annual Report, are not necessarily all of the important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any of our forward-looking statements. Other unknown or unpredictable factors could also have material adverse effects on future results. We undertake no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statement whether as a result of new information or future events except as required by the federal securities laws.

ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following analyses compare the Partnership's results of operations for the three months ended December 31, 2015 ("2015 three-month period") with the three months ended December 31, 2014 ("2014 three-month period").

AmeriGas Partners does not designate its propane commodity derivative instruments as hedges under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). As a result, volatility in net income attributable to AmeriGas Partners as determined in accordance with GAAP can occur as changes in unrealized (non-cash) gains and losses, and certain realized gains and losses, on commodity derivative instruments not associated with current-period transactions, are reflected in cost of sales.

AmeriGas Partners' management presents the non-GAAP measures "adjusted EBITDA," "adjusted net income attributable to AmeriGas Partners," "adjusted total margin," and "adjusted operating income" (in addition to "net income attributable to AmeriGas Partners" determined in accordance with GAAP) in order to assist in the evaluation of the Partnership's overall performance. Management believes that these non-GAAP measures provide meaningful information to investors about AmeriGas Partners' performance because they eliminate the impact of (1) changes in unrealized gains and losses, and certain realized gains and losses, on commodity derivative instruments not associated with current-period transactions and (2) certain other gains and losses that competitors do not necessarily have, to provide additional insight into the comparison of year-over-year profitability to that of other master limited partnerships. For additional information on these non-GAAP measures as well as the non-GAAP measure, "EBITDA," including reconciliations of these non-GAAP measures to the most closely associated GAAP terms, see the non-GAAP information included in the section "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" below.

Executive Overview

Three Months Ended December 31, 2015

We recorded GAAP net income attributable to AmeriGas Partners for the 2015 three-month period of \$81.0 million compared to GAAP net (loss) attributable to AmeriGas Partners for the 2014 three-month period of \$(39.6) million. The GAAP net loss in the 2014 three-month period reflects the effects of \$138.2 million of unrealized losses on commodity derivative instruments not associated with current-period transactions. In the 2015 three-month period, such losses were \$5.6 million. The significantly higher 2014 three-month period losses on commodity derivative instruments not associated with current-period transactions resulted from substantial declines in energy commodity prices, including propane, that occurred during that period.

Adjusted net income attributable to AmeriGas Partners for the 2015 three-month period was \$86.5 million compared with adjusted net income attributable to AmeriGas Partners for the 2014 three-month period of \$97.3 million. The \$10.8 million decline in adjusted net income attributable to AmeriGas Partners in the current-year period principally reflects the effects on retail volumes sold of significantly warmer-than-normal weather during the 2015 three-month period compared with weather that was only slightly warmer than normal in the prior-year period. Average temperatures during the 2015 three-month period based upon heating degree days were nearly 20% warmer than normal and 16.8% warmer than the prior-year three-month period. Retail volumes decreased approximately 13% as a result of the significantly warmer weather. Adjusted total margin in the 2015 three-month period decreased \$25.5 million (6.0%) reflecting the negative impact of the lower retail volumes sold. The effects of the lower volumes were partially offset by slightly higher average propane retail unit margin reflecting the benefits of declining wholesale propane commodity prices. Notwithstanding the \$25.5 million decline in adjusted total margin, our adjusted operating income decreased \$10.8 million principally reflecting lower operating and administrative costs.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The Partnership's management uses certain non-GAAP financial measures, including adjusted total margin, EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted operating income, and adjusted net income attributable to AmeriGas Partners, when evaluating the Partnership's overall performance. These financial measures are not in accordance with, or an alternative to, GAAP and should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for, the comparable GAAP measures.

Management believes earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"), as adjusted for the effects of gains and losses on commodity derivative instruments not associated with current-period transactions and other gains and losses that competitors do not necessarily have ("adjusted EBITDA"), is a meaningful non-GAAP financial measure used by investors to (1) compare the Partnership's operating performance with that of other companies within the propane industry and (2) assess the Partnership's ability to meet loan covenants. The Partnership's definition of adjusted EBITDA may be different from those used by other companies. Management uses adjusted EBITDA to compare year-over-year profitability of the business without regard to capital structure as well as to compare the relative performance of the Partnership to that of other master limited partnerships without regard to their financing methods, capital structure, income taxes, the effects of gains and losses on commodity derivative instruments not associated with current-period transactions or historical cost basis. In view of the omission of interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, gains and losses on commodity derivative instruments not associated with current-period transactions and other gains and losses that competitors do not necessarily have from adjusted EBITDA, management also assesses the profitability of the business by comparing net income attributable to AmeriGas Partners for the relevant years. Management also uses adjusted EBITDA to assess the Partnership's profitability because its parent, UGI Corporation, uses the Partnership's adjusted EBITDA in its disclosure about reportable segments as the profitability measure for its domestic propane segment.

Our other non-GAAP financial measures comprise adjusted total margin, adjusted operating income and adjusted net income attributable to AmeriGas Partners. Management believes the presentations of these non-GAAP financial measures provide useful information to investors to more effectively evaluate the period-over-period results of operations of the Partnership. Management uses these non-GAAP financial measures because they eliminate the impact of (1) gains and losses on commodity derivative instruments not associated with current-period transactions and (2) other gains and losses that competitors do not necessarily have to provide insight into the comparison of period-over-period profitability to that of other master limited partnerships.

The following tables include reconciliations of adjusted total margin, adjusted operating income, adjusted net income attributable to AmeriGas Partners, EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP for the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended December 31,			
(Millions of dollars)		2015		2014
Adjusted total margin:				
Total revenues	\$	644.1	\$	888.8
Cost of sales - propane		(227.9)		(578.5)
Cost of sales - other (a)		(20.9)		(22.1)
Total margin		395.3		288.2
Add net losses on commodity derivative instruments not associated with current-period transactions		5.6		138.2
Adjusted total margin	\$	400.9	\$	426.4
Adjusted operating income:				
Operating income	\$	124.1	\$	2.3
Add net losses on commodity derivative instruments not associated with current-period transactions		5.6	_	138.2
Adjusted operating income	\$	129.7	\$	140.5
Adjusted net income attributable to AmeriGas Partners:				
Net income (loss) attributable to AmeriGas Partners	\$	81.0	\$	(39.6)
Add net losses on commodity derivative instruments not associated with current-period transactions		5.6		138.2
Noncontrolling interest in net (losses) on commodity derivative instruments not associated with current-period transactions (a)		(0.1)		(1.3)
Adjusted net income attributable to AmeriGas Partners	\$	86.5	\$	97.3
EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA:				
Net income (loss) attributable to AmeriGas Partners	\$	81.0	\$	(39.6)
Income tax expense (a)		0.9		0.9
Interest expense		41.0		41.0
Depreciation		38.6		38.7
Amortization		10.6		10.7
EBITDA		172.1		51.7
Add net losses on commodity derivative instruments not associated with current-period transactions		5.6		138.2
Noncontrolling interest in net (losses) on commodity derivative instruments not associated with current-period transactions (a)		_		(1.4)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	177.7	\$	188.5

⁽a) Includes the impact of rounding.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

2015 three-month period compared with 2014 three-month period

Three Months Ended December 31,		2015		2014	Increase (Decrease)	
(millions of dollars)	_					
Gallons sold (millions):						
Retail		295.1		340.2	(45.1)	(13.3)%
Wholesale		14.9		14.2	0.7	4.9 %
		310.0		354.4	(44.4)	(12.5)%
Revenues:						
Retail propane	\$	565.1	\$	797.6	\$ (232.5)	(29.1)%
Wholesale propane		8.8		15.1	(6.3)	(41.7)%
Other		70.2		76.1	(5.9)	(7.8)%
	\$	644.1	\$	8.888	\$ (244.7)	(27.5)%
Total margin (a) (b)	\$	395.3	\$	288.2	\$ 107.1	37.2 %
Operating and administrative expenses	\$	230.9	\$	246.6	\$ (15.7)	(6.4)%
Operating income (b)	\$	124.1	\$	2.3	\$ 121.8	N.M.
Net income (loss) attributable to AmeriGas Partners (b)	\$	81.0	\$	(39.6)	\$ 120.6	(304.5)%
Non-GAAP financial measures (d):						
Adjusted total margin	\$	400.9	\$	426.4	\$ (25.5)	(6.0)%
EBITDA (b)	\$	172.1	\$	51.7	\$ 120.4	232.9 %
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	177.7	\$	188.5	\$ (10.8)	(5.7)%
Adjusted operating income	\$	129.7	\$	140.5	\$ (10.8)	(7.7)%
Adjusted net income attributable to AmeriGas Partners	\$	86.5	\$	97.3	\$ (10.8)	(11.1)%
Degree days — % (warmer) than normal (c)		(19.9)%	ò	(3.7)%		_

- (a) Total margin represents total revenues less cost of sales propane and cost of sales other.
- (b) Total margin, EBITDA, operating income and net income attributable to AmeriGas Partners for the 2015 and 2014 three-month periods include the impact of net unrealized losses of \$5.6 million and \$138.2 million, respectively, on commodity derivative instruments not associated with current-period transactions.
- (c) Deviation from average heating degree days for the 30-year period 1981-2010 based upon national weather statistics provided by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration for 344 Geo Regions in the United States, excluding Alaska and Hawaii.
- (d) These financial measures are non-GAAP financial measures and are not in accordance with, or an alternative to, GAAP and should be considered in addition to, and not a substitute for, the comparable GAAP measures. See section "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" above.

N.M.- Variance is not meaningful.

The Partnership's retail gallons sold during the 2015 three-month period decreased 13.3% compared with the prior-year period. The decline in retail gallons sold in the 2015 three-month period principally reflects average temperatures based upon heating degree days that were nearly 20% warmer than normal and 16.8% warmer than the prior-year period.

Retail propane revenues decreased \$232.5 million during the 2015 three-month period reflecting lower average retail selling prices (\$126.8 million), principally the result of the lower propane product costs, and the effects of the lower retail volumes sold (\$105.7 million). Wholesale propane revenues decreased \$6.3 million during the 2015 three-month period reflecting the effects of lower wholesale selling prices (\$7.0 million) partially offset by slightly higher wholesale volumes sold (\$0.7 million). Average daily wholesale propane commodity prices during the 2015 three-month period at Mont Belvieu, Texas, one of the major supply points in the U.S., were approximately 45% lower than such prices during the 2014 three-month period. Other revenues in the 2015 three-month period were \$5.9 million lower than in the prior-year period principally reflecting lower fee income.

Total cost of sales during the 2015 three-month period decreased \$351.8 million from the prior-year period. Cost of sales in the 2015 three-month period includes \$5.6 million of losses on commodity derivative instruments not associated with current-period

transactions compared with losses in the prior-year period of \$138.2 million. Excluding the effects on cost of sales of the net losses on derivative commodity instruments, total propane cost of sales decreased \$218.0 million principally reflecting the effects of the significantly lower average propane product costs (\$162.3 million) and the effects of the lower retail and wholesale volumes sold (\$55.7 million) on propane cost of sales.

Total margin, which includes the effects of \$5.6 million and \$138.2 million of losses on commodity derivative instruments not associated with current-period transactions in the 2015 and 2014 three-month periods, respectively, increased \$107.1 million in the 2015 three-month period. Adjusted total margin, which excludes the effects of such losses, decreased \$25.5 million principally reflecting lower retail propane total margin (\$21.0 million) and, to a much lesser extent, lower margin from ancillary sales and services. The decrease in retail propane total margin largely reflects the previously mentioned decline in retail gallons sold partially offset by higher average propane retail unit margin reflecting the benefits of declining wholesale propane commodity prices.

EBITDA and operating income, including the effects of the previously mentioned losses on commodity derivative instruments not associated with current-period transactions, increased \$120.4 million and \$121.8 million, respectively, from the prior-year three-month period. Adjusted EBITDA (excluding these commodity derivative losses) in the 2015 three-month period decreased \$10.8 million principally reflecting the lower adjusted total margin (\$25.5 million) partially offset by lower operating and administrative expenses (\$15.7 million). The decrease in operating and administrative expenses reflects, among other things, lower self-insured casualty and liability expenses (\$5.5 million), lower vehicle fuel costs (\$5.2 million) and lower compensation and uncollectible accounts expenses. Adjusted operating income decreased \$10.8 million in the 2015 three-month period principally reflecting the lower Partnership Adjusted EBITDA.

FINANCIAL CONDITION AND LIQUIDITY

The Partnership's debt outstanding at December 31, 2015, totaled \$2,467.9 million (including current maturities of long-term debt of \$10.9 million and AmeriGas OLP's Amended and Restated Credit Agreement ("Credit Agreement") borrowings of \$182.0 million). The Partnership's debt outstanding at September 30, 2015, totaled \$2,351.6 million (including current maturities of long-term debt of \$9.7 million and borrowings of \$68.1 million under the Credit Agreement). Total long-term debt outstanding at December 31, 2015, including current maturities, comprises \$2,250.8 million of AmeriGas Partners' Senior Notes, \$19.3 million of HOLP Senior Notes and \$15.8 million of other long-term debt.

AmeriGas OLP's short-term borrowing needs are seasonal and are typically greatest during the fall and winter heating-season months due to the need to fund higher levels of working capital.

At December 31, 2015, there were \$182.0 million of borrowings outstanding under the Credit Agreement which are classified as short-term borrowings on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Credit Agreement provides for borrowings up to \$525 million (including a \$125 million sublimit for letters of credit) and expires in June 2019. Issued and outstanding letters of credit under the Credit Agreement, which reduce the amounts available for borrowings, totaled \$63.2 million at December 31, 2015. The average daily and peak short-term borrowings outstanding under the Credit Agreement during the 2015 three-month period were \$133.0 million and \$231.0 million, respectively. The average daily and peak short-term borrowings outstanding under the Credit Agreement during the 2014 three-month period were \$177.6 million and \$291.0 million, respectively. At December 31, 2015, the Partnership's available borrowing capacity under the Credit Agreement was \$279.8 million.

The Partnership's management believes that the Partnership has sufficient liquidity in the forms of cash and cash equivalents on hand, cash expected to be generated from operations, and short-term borrowings available under the Credit Agreement to meet its anticipated contractual and projected cash commitments.

During the three months ended December 31, 2015, the General Partner's Board of Directors declared and the Partnership paid a quarterly distribution on all limited partner units at a rate of \$0.92 per Common Unit for the quarter ended September 30, 2015. On January 27, 2016, the General Partner's Board of Directors approved a quarterly distribution of \$0.92 per limited partner unit for the quarter ended December 31, 2015. The distribution will be paid on February 18, 2016, to unitholders of record on February 10, 2016.

The ability of the Partnership to declare and pay the quarterly distribution on its Common Units in the future depends upon a number of factors. These factors include (1) the level of Partnership earnings; (2) the cash needs of the Partnership's operations (including cash needed for maintaining and increasing operating capacity); (3) changes in operating working capital; and (4) the Partnership's ability to borrow under its Credit Agreement, refinance maturing debt, and increase its long-term debt. Some of these factors are affected by conditions beyond the Partnership's control including weather, competition in markets we serve, the cost of propane and changes in capital market conditions.

Cash Flows

Operating activities. Due to the seasonal nature of the Partnership's business, cash flows from operating activities are generally greatest during the second and third fiscal quarters when customers pay for propane consumed during the heating season months. Conversely, operating cash flows are generally at their lowest levels during the first and fourth fiscal quarters when the Partnership's investment in working capital, principally accounts receivable and inventories, is generally greatest. The Partnership may use its Credit Agreement to satisfy its seasonal operating cash flow needs.

Cash flow provided by operating activities was \$36.0 million in the 2015 three-month period compared to cash flow used by operating activities of \$14.4 million in the 2014 three-month period. Cash flow from operating activities before changes in operating working capital was \$139.6 million in the 2015 three-month period compared with \$152.8 million in the prior-year period. The slightly lower cash flow from operating activities before changes in operating working capital reflects, in large part, the lower net income adjusting for noncash unrealized losses on derivative instruments. Cash used to fund changes in operating working capital was \$103.6 million in the 2015 three-month period compared to \$167.3 million in the 2014 three-month period. Included in changes in operating working capital during the 2015 three-month period is \$2.3 million of commodity derivative collateral deposit payments compared with \$73.7 million of such collateral deposit payments during the prior-year three-month period. The significantly higher collateral deposit payments in the prior-year period resulted from the impact of substantial declines in LPG prices on our derivative instrument liabilities.

Investing activities. Investing activity cash flow is principally affected by investments in property, plant and equipment, cash paid for acquisitions of businesses and proceeds from sales of assets. Cash flow used in investing activities was \$48.6 million in the 2015 three-month period compared with \$31.4 million in the prior-year period. The Partnership spent \$28.0 million for property, plant and equipment (comprising \$12.9 million of maintenance capital expenditures and \$15.1 million of growth capital expenditures) in the 2015 three-month period compared with \$30.4 million (comprising \$17.0 million of maintenance capital expenditures) in the 2014 three-month period.

Financing activities. The Partnership's financing activities cash flows are typically the result of repayments and issuances of long-term debt, borrowings under the Credit Agreement, distributions on partnership interests and issuances of Common Units. Cash provided by financing activities was \$15.1 million in the 2015 three-month period compared with \$50.9 million in the prior-year period. Distributions in the 2015 three-month period totaled \$95.0 million compared with \$89.2 million in the prior-year period principally reflecting the impact of higher quarterly per-unit distribution rates. Cash provided by short-term borrowings under the Credit Agreement in the 2015 three-month period totaled \$113.9 million compared with \$144.0 million in the prior-year period. The greater cash flow from short-term borrowings in the prior-year three-month period resulted primarily from the need to fund the previously mentioned higher cash collateral deposits.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Our primary financial market risks include commodity prices for propane and interest rates on borrowings. Although we use derivative financial and commodity instruments to reduce market price risk associated with forecasted transactions, we do not use derivative financial and commodity instruments for speculative or trading purposes.

Commodity Price Risk

The risk associated with fluctuations in the prices the Partnership pays for propane is principally a result of market forces reflecting changes in supply and demand for propane and other energy commodities. The Partnership's profitability is sensitive to changes in propane supply costs and the Partnership generally passes on increases in such costs to customers. The Partnership may not, however, always be able to pass through product cost increases fully or on a timely basis, particularly when product costs rise rapidly. In order to reduce the volatility of the Partnership's propane market price risk, we use contracts for the forward purchase or sale of propane, propane fixed-price supply agreements, and over-the-counter derivative commodity instruments including price swap and option contracts. Over-the-counter derivative commodity instruments utilized by the Partnership to economically hedge forecasted purchases of propane are generally settled at expiration of the contract. These derivative financial instruments contain collateral provisions. The fair value of unsettled commodity price risk sensitive instruments at December 31, 2015, was a loss of \$63.0 million. A hypothetical 10% adverse change in the market price of propane would result in a decrease in such fair value of approximately \$14.3 million.

Derivative Instruments Credit Risk

The Partnership is exposed to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by counterparties to derivative financial and commodity instruments. Our counterparties principally comprise major energy companies and major U.S. financial institutions. We maintain credit policies with regard to our counterparties that we believe reduce overall credit risk. These policies include evaluating and monitoring our counterparties' financial condition, including their credit ratings, and entering into agreements with counterparties that govern credit limits. Certain of these agreements call for the posting of collateral by the counterparty or by the Partnership in the forms of letters of credit, parental guarantees or cash. Although we have concentrations of credit risk associated with derivative instruments held by certain derivative instrument counterparties, the maximum amount of loss due to credit risk that, based upon the gross fair values of the derivative instruments, we would incur if these counterparties that make up the concentration failed to perform according to the terms of their contracts was not material at December 31, 2015. Certain of our derivative contracts have credit-risk-related contingent features that may require the posting of additional collateral in the event of a downgrade in the Partnership's debt rating. At December 31, 2015, if the credit-risk-related contingent features were triggered, the amount of collateral required to be posted would not be material.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The General Partner's disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed by the Partnership in reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is (i) recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and (ii) accumulated and communicated to our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. The General Partner's management, with the participation of the General Partner's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the Partnership's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Partnership's disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this Report, were effective at the reasonable assurance level.

(b) Change in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

No change in the Partnership's internal control over financial reporting occurred during the Partnership's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Partnership's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

In addition to the information presented in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. The risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K are not the only risks facing the Company. Other unknown or unpredictable factors could also have material adverse effects on future results.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The exhibits filed as part of this report are as follows:

Exhibit No.	Exhibit	Registrant	Filing	Exhibit
31.1	Certification by the Chief Executive Officer relating to the Registrant's Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2015, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.			
31.2	Certification by the Chief Financial Officer relating to the Registrant's Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2015, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.			
32	Certification by the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer relating to the Registrant's Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2015, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.			
101.INS	XBRL Instance			
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema			
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase			
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase			
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase			
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase			

Date:

Date:

February 5, 2016

February 5, 2016

AMERIGAS PARTNERS, L.P.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

AMERIGAS PARTNERS, L.P.

(Registrant)

By: AmeriGas Propane, Inc.

as General Partner

By: /s/ Hugh J. Gallagher

Hugh J. Gallagher

Vice President - Finance and Chief Financial Officer

By: /s/ Robert J. Cane

Robert J. Cane

Controller and Chief Accounting Officer

EXHIBIT INDEX

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CERTIFICATION

I, Jerry E. Sheridan, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this periodic report on Form 10-Q of AmeriGas Partners, L.P;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 5, 2016

/s/ Jerry E. Sheridan

Jerry E. Sheridan

President and Chief Executive Officer of AmeriGas Propane, Inc.

CERTIFICATION

I, Hugh J. Gallagher, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this periodic report on Form 10-Q of AmeriGas Partners, L.P;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 5, 2016

/s/ Hugh J. Gallagher

Hugh J. Gallagher

Vice President - Finance and Chief Financial Officer of AmeriGas Propane, Inc.

Certification by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Relating to a Periodic Report Containing Financial Statements

I, Jerry E. Sheridan, Chief Executive Officer, and I, Hugh J. Gallagher, Chief Financial Officer, of AmeriGas Propane, Inc., a Pennsylvania corporation, the General Partner of AmeriGas Partners, L.P. (the "Company"), hereby certify that to our knowledge:

- (1) The Company's periodic report on Form 10-Q for the period ended December 31, 2015 (the "Form 10-Q") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

/s/ Jerry E. Sheridan

/s/ Hugh J. Gallagher

Jerry E. Sheridan

Hugh J. Gallagher

Date: February 5, 2016 Date: February 5, 2016